

Imaging Tutorial

Z Canis Major (or Z CMa)



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Z CMa

- Pre-main sequence binary system
- Herbig Be star + FU Orionis object
- Distance: 1125 pc
- Separation: ~ 100 au (0.1")
- Systemic velocity $V_{\text{LSR}} \sim 14$ km/s
- Both components drive molecular outflows

Nature paper about a flyby event

ALMA Data

- Project 2018.1.01131.S (March 14th, 2019)
- Band 6 (~ 218.2 – 232.5 GHz)
- Continuum and line (¹³CS and CO)
- For the tutorial will use only 12m data (7m data also observed)

The Tutorial

- **uid___A002_Xd98580_X354.ms**: calibrated data, end-product of *scriptforPI.py*, 33 GB → 50 GB (step 0)

or

- **Z_Cma_TM2.split.cal**: science-only calibrated data, 5.8 GB → 13 GB (step 1)

and

- **scriptForImagingZCMA.py**: script to be used in the tutorial, with a “switch” for each step that you need to turn on (True) or off (False)

Let's take a look to the **script**.

STEP 0

myMS = 'uid___A002_Xd98580_X354.ms.calibrated'

target = 'Z_CMa'

Step 0 = True (all others to False)

STEP 1

```
myMS = 'uid___A002_Xd98580_X354.ms.calibrated'  
target = 'Z_CMa'
```

Step 1 = True (all others to False)

STEP 2

```
myMS = 'uid___A002_Xd98580_X354.ms.calibrated'  
target = 'Z_CMa'
```

```
contSPW = '0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, 10'  
Step 2 = True (all others to False)
```

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

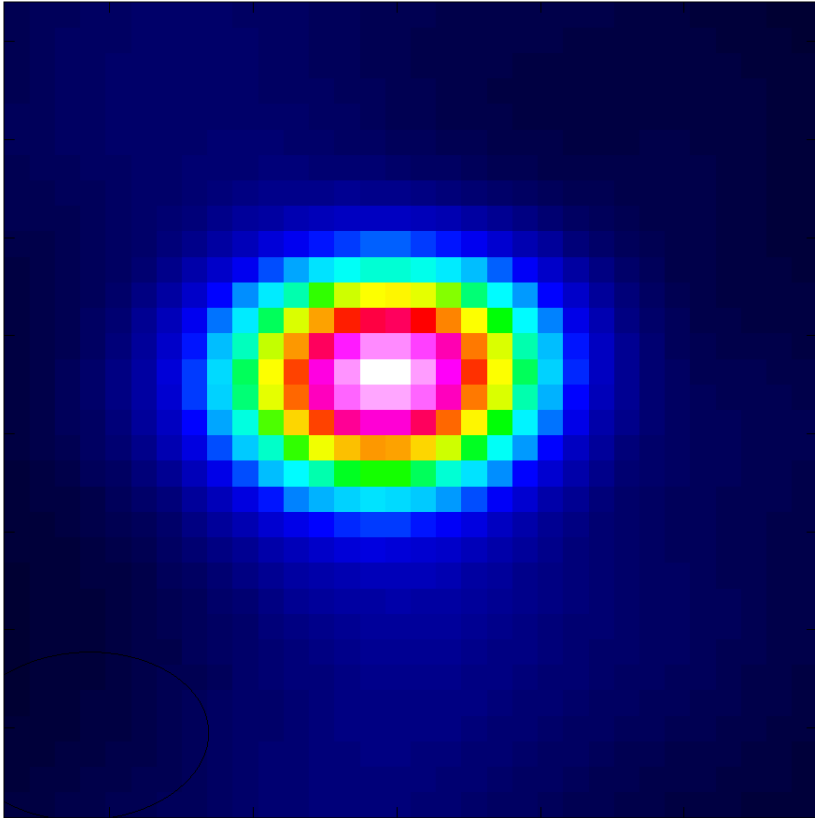
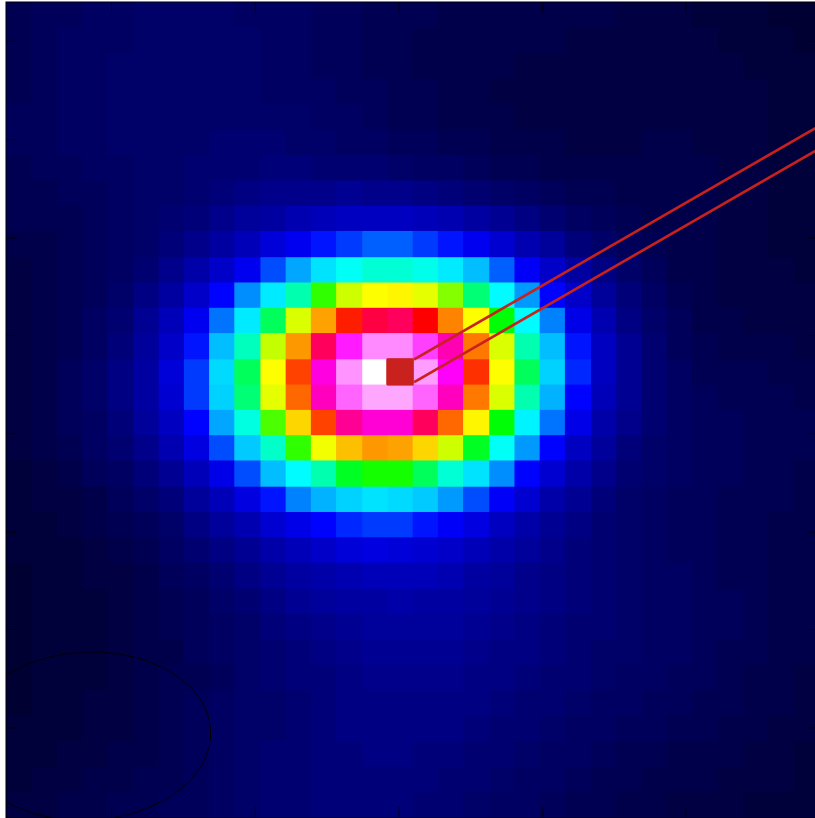


Image (N x N pixels)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters



■ **I cell**: angular size of your pixel, e.g.:
0.12"
Depends on the angular resolution
 θ , i.e.: $\theta/6$

Image (N x N pixels)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

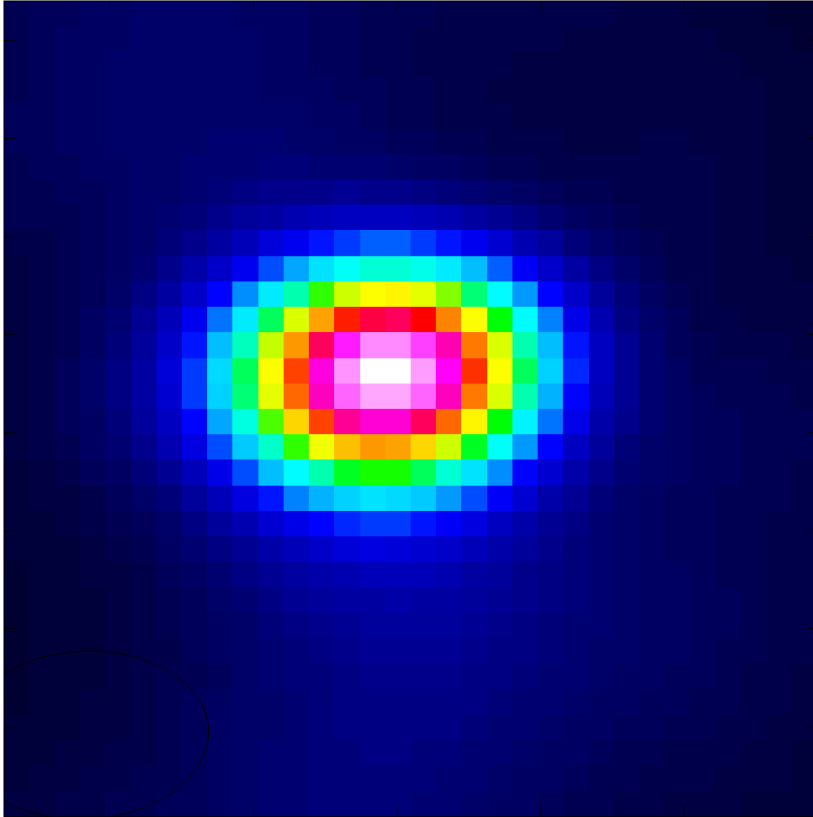


Image (N x N pixels)

cell: angular size of your pixel, e.g.:
0.12"
Depends on the angular resolution
 θ , i.e.: $\theta/6$

imsize: pixel size of your image,
e.g.: 500 x 500
Depends on the field of view FoV
and cell, i.e.: $2 \cdot \text{FoV} / \text{cell}$

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

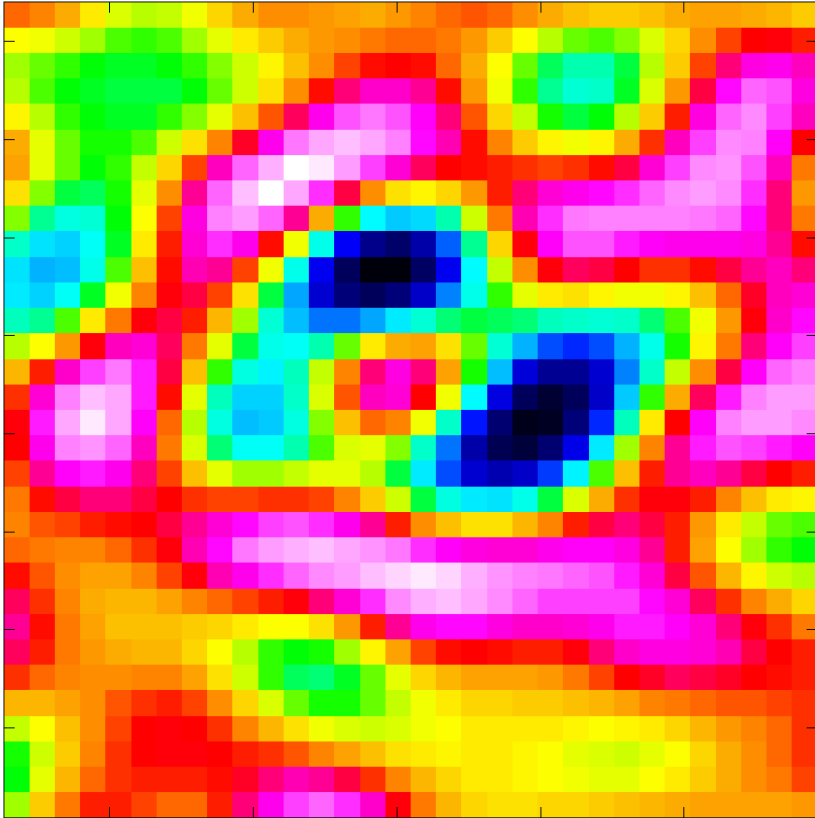


Image (N x N pixels)

cell: angular size of your pixel, e.g.: 0.12"
Depends on the angular resolution θ , i.e.: $\theta/6$

imsize: pixel size of your image, e.g.: 500 x 500
Depends on the field of view FoV and cell, i.e.: $2 \cdot \text{FoV} / \text{cell}$

threshold: how deep do you want to clean, e.g.: 10 μJy
Depends on the expected rms of your image, i.e.: $3 \cdot \text{rms}$

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

cell = $\theta / 6$; θ : angular resolution

θ [rad] = λ [m] / B_{\max} [m]; λ : observing wavelength; B_{\max} : maximum baseline

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

cell = $\theta / 6$; θ : angular resolution

θ [rad] = λ [m] / B_{\max} [m]; λ : observing wavelength; B_{\max} : maximum baseline

Observed frequency range: 217.079 (spw5) – 233.443 (spw10) GHz
(**listobs**, **weblog**, **plotms**)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

cell = $\theta / 6$; θ : angular resolution

θ [rad] = λ [m] / B_{\max} [m]; λ : observing wavelength; B_{\max} : maximum baseline

Observed frequency range: 217.079 (spw5) – 233.443 (spw10) GHz

(**listobs**, weblog, plotms)

→ $\nu = 225.261$ GHz

→ $\lambda = c / \nu = 1.33$ mm = **0.00133** m

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

cell = $\theta / 6$; θ : angular resolution

θ [rad] = λ [m] / B_{\max} [m]; λ : observing wavelength; B_{\max} : maximum baseline

Observed frequency range: 217.079 (spw5) – 233.443 (spw10) GHz

(**listobs**, **weblog**, **plotms**)

→ $\nu = 225.261$ GHz

→ $\lambda = c / \nu = 1.33$ mm = **0.00133 m**

$B_{\max} = 360.6$ m (**weblog**, **plotms**, **aU.getBaselineLengths**)

aU: **analysisUtils** python
package (very handy tools!)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

cell = $\theta / 6$; θ : angular resolution

θ [rad] = λ [m] / B_{\max} [m]; λ : observing wavelength; B_{\max} : maximum baseline

Observed frequency range: 217.079 (spw5) – 233.443 (spw10) GHz

(**listobs**, **weblog**, **plotms**)

→ $\nu = 225.261$ GHz

→ $\lambda = c / \nu = 1.33$ mm = **0.00133 m**

$B_{\max} = 360.6$ m (**weblog**, **plotms**, `aU.getBaselineLengths`)

θ [arcsec] = $0.00133 / 360.6 * 180 / \pi * 3600 \sim$ **0.76 arcsec**

cell = 0.76 / 6 \sim 0.13 arcsec;

aU: **analysisUtils** python package (very handy tools!)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

imsize = 2* **FoV** / **cell**; **FoV**: field of view

FoV [rad] = λ [m] / **D**[m]; λ : observing wavelength; **D**: antenna diameter

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

imsize = 2* **FoV** / **cell**; **FoV**: field of view

FoV [rad] = λ [m] / **D**[m]; λ : observing wavelength; **D**: antenna diameter

λ = 0.00133 m

D = 12 m

cell = 0.13 arcsec

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

imsize = 2 * **FoV** / **cell**; **FoV**: field of view

FoV [rad] = λ [m] / **D**[m]; λ : observing wavelength; **D**: antenna diameter

$$\lambda = 0.00133 \text{ m}$$

$$D = 12 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{cell} = 0.13 \text{ arcsec}$$

$$\text{FoV [arcsec]} = 0.00133 / 12 * 180 / \pi * 3600 \sim \mathbf{23 \text{ arcsec}}$$

$$\text{imsize} = 2 * 23 / 0.13 \sim \mathbf{354 \text{ pixels}}$$

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

imsize = 2 * **FoV** / **cell**; **FoV**: field of view

FoV [rad] = λ [m] / **D**[m]; λ : observing wavelength; **D**: antenna diameter

$$\lambda = 0.00133 \text{ m}$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 12 \text{ m}$$

$$\mathbf{cell} = 0.13 \text{ arcsec}$$

Hint: If imsize is even and factorizable by 2, 3, 5 only, tclean will work faster (i.e. **360**)

$$\mathbf{FoV} [\text{arcsec}] = 0.00133 / 12 * 180 / \pi * 3600 \sim \mathbf{23 \text{ arcsec}}$$

$$\mathbf{imsize} = 2 * 23 / 0.13 \sim \mathbf{354 \text{ pixels}}$$

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2kT_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1)\Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2kT_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1)\Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k = 1.38×10^{-23} J/K

N = 48 (weblog, listobs)

Δt = 302.4 s (weblog, listobs)

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt : time on source;

$\Delta \nu$: total bandwidth

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k = 1.38×10^{-23} J/K

N = 48 (weblog, listobs)

Δt = 302.4 s (weblog, listobs)

Δν =

Continuum selection: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, 10)

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

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STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

$$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$$

$$N = 48 \text{ (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta t = 302.4 \text{ s (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta \nu = 8 * 58593.8$$

Continuum selection: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, 10)

8 spw * bandwidth
(listobs)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k = 1.38×10^{-23} J/K

N = 48 (weblog, listobs)

Δt = 302.4 s (weblog, listobs)

Δν = 8 * 58593.8 + 660 * 122.070

Continuum selection: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, **8:300~959**, 9:0~85;115~959, 10)

660 ch * chanwidth
(listobs)

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

$$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$$

$$N = 48 \text{ (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta t = 302.4 \text{ s (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta \nu = 8 * 58593.8 + 660 * 122.070 + \mathbf{931 * 122.070}$$

Continuum selection: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, **9:0~85;115~959**, 10)

931 ch * chanwidth
(listobs)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

k = **1.38 × 10⁻²³ J/K**

N = **48** (weblog, listobs)

Δt = **302.4 s** (weblog, listobs)

Δν = 8 * 58593.8 + 660 * 122.070 + 931 * 122.070 + **1875000.0**

Continuum selection: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, **10**)

bandwidth
(listobs)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

$$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$$

$$N = 48 \text{ (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta t = 302.4 \text{ s (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta \nu = (8 * 58593.8 + 660 * 122.070 + 931 * 122.070 + 1875000.0) * 10^{-6} = \mathbf{2.54 \text{ GHz}}$$

Continuum selection: (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, 10)

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

$$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$$

$$N = 48 \text{ (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta t = 302.4 \text{ s (weblog, listobs)}$$

$$\Delta \nu = 2.54 \text{ GHz (listobs)}$$

$$A_{eff} = \text{efficiency} * A_{12m} = 0.7 * \pi * 6^2 = 79.2 \text{ m}^2$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

(efficiency: Table 9.3 of ALMA [Cycle 8 Handbook](#))

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k = 1.38×10^{-23} J/K

N = 48 (weblog, listobs)

Δt = 302.4 s (weblog, listobs)

Δν = 2.54 GHz (listobs)

A_{eff} = 79.2 m² (ALMA documentation)

T_{sys} ~ 100 K (weblog)

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

STEP 3: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * rms; **rms:** theoretical noise of the image

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

k = 1.38 × 10⁻²³ J/K

N = 48 (weblog, listobs)

Δt = 302.4 s (weblog, listobs)

Δν = 2.54 GHz (listobs)

A_{eff} = 79.2 m² (ALMA documentation)

T_{sys} ~ 100 K (weblog)

rms = 8.37 × 10⁻³¹ J/m² = 8.37 × 10⁻³¹ × 10²⁶ Jy = 83.7 μJy

threshold = 3 * 83.7 = 251 uJy = 0.25 mJy

STEP 3

```
myMS = 'uid___A002_Xd98580_X354.ms.calibrated'  
target = 'Z_CMa'
```

```
contSPW = '0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, 10'
```

```
mycell = '0.13 arcsec'
```

```
myimsize = 360
```

```
mythreshold = '0.25 mJy'
```

```
Step 3 = True (all others to False)
```


STEP 4: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * **rms**; **rms**: theoretical noise of the image **per channel**

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k = 1.38×10^{-23} J/K

N = 48 (weblog, listobs)

Δt = 302.4 s (weblog, listobs)

Δν = 122.070 kHz (listobs)

A_{eff} = 79.2 m² (ALMA documentation)

T_{sys} ~ 100 K (weblog)

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

STEP 4: **tclean** parameters

threshold = 3 * rms; **rms:** theoretical noise of the image **per channel**

$$rms [J/m^2] = \frac{2 k T_{sys}}{A_{eff} \sqrt{(N(N-1) \Delta t \Delta \nu)}};$$

k: Boltzmann constant;

T_{sys}: antenna temperature;

A_{eff}: effective collecting area of a antenna;

N: number of antennas;

Δt: time on source;

Δν: total bandwidth

k = 1.38 × 10⁻²³ J/K

N = 48 (weblog, listobs)

Δt = 302.4 s (weblog, listobs)

Δν = 122.070 kHz (listobs)

A_{eff} = 79.2 m² (ALMA documentation)

T_{sys} ~ 100 K (weblog)

rms_{ch} = rms_{cont} * sqrt(Δν_{cont}/Δν_{ch}) = 83.7 * sqrt(2.54 * 10⁶/122.070) = 12073 μJy = 12 mJy

threshold = 3 * 12 = 36 mJy

STEP 4: **tclean** parameters

start: first channel to use for making the cube (plotms)

nChan: total of channels to use (plotms)

restfreq: rest frequency of the line (**splatcatalogue**)

CO cube (spw 8)

startCO = 50

nChanCO = 130

restfreq = 230.538 GHz

¹³CS cube (spw 9)

startCS = 85

nChanCS = 30

restfreq = 231.2206 GHz

STEP 4

myMS = 'uid___A002_Xd98580_X354.ms.calibrated'
target = 'Z_CMa'

contSPW = '0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, 10'

mycell = '0.13 arcsec'
myimsize = 360
mythreshold = '0.25 mJy'

startCO = 50
nChanCO = 130
myThreshCO = '36 mJy'
startCS = 85
nChanCS = 30
myThreshCS = '36 mJy'
Step 4 = True (all others to False)

STEP 5: **immoments** parameters

myLineChans: channel range of line emission (viewer, **CARTA**)

CO cube (spw 8)

$V_{\text{peak}} \sim 14.5 \text{ km/s}$

myLineChans= 0 ~ 115

STEP 5

myMS = 'uid___A002_Xd98580_X354.ms.calibrated'
target = 'Z_CMa'

contSPW = '0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8:300~959, 9:0~85;115~959, 10'

mycell = '0.13 arcsec'
myimsize = 360
mythreshold = '0.25 mJy'

myLineChans = '0 ~ 115'

Step 5 = True (all others to False)

startCO = 50
nChanCO = 130
myThreshCO = '36 mJy'
startCS = 85
nChanCS = 30
myThreshCS = '36 mJy'